



Kenan
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## Kenan

Kenan, the great-grandson of Adam, the grandson of Seth and the son of Enosh, appears on genealogical lists of the antediluvial heroes (Gen 5:9-14; 1 Chr 1:2). Kenan was born when Enosh was ninety years old. Kenan begot Mahalel at the age of seventy. Kenan lived for 910 years.

Kenan is often paralleled to Cain for the following reasons: the names are etymologically related, both figures are linked to fathers with nearly identical names meaning "man, humanity" (Adam and Enosh), and the genealogy of Cain and Kenan contains similar names, but in a slightly altered sequence (Gen 4: 17–22 vs. Gen 5:9–14).

The etymology of Kenan and Cain is disputed. Whereas Gen 4:1 derives Cain explicitly from the stem q-n-y ("to acquire"), both names probably originate from a stem q-y-n ("to form, shape, forge." The suffix  $-\bar{a}n$  is mostly interpreted as a diminutive ending. Therefore, Kenan might be a "little Cain." Maybe Kenan is a short form of a nominal sentence, namely the predicate with omission of the theophoric element: "Smith is (X)." However, Kenan could also be linked to Arabic qiin "servant." In that respect it could be a short form with the hypocoristic ending "servant (of X)" like the Safatenic full form qn'l ("servant of El"). A similar short form of the same name might be Safatenic qnn. Jerome translates Cainan with "lament or their possession" relating Cainan to the Hebrew noun  $qin\hat{a}$  or the root q-n-y (Jerome, Nom, hebr. 4.2–3).

Furthermore, Kenan (Qaynān) is the name of a deity attested in Sabaean inscriptions. Qaynān might have been a patron deity for metalworkers worshipped mainly by the Hasa' um tribe, though the texts do not provide an indication for a proper interpretation. This deity is often simply called "God of the Hasa' um (tribe)."

Kenan appears twice in the NT as Cainan (Gk.  $K\alpha \ddot{n}\dot{v}\dot{\alpha}\mu$ ) in Luke's genealogy of Jesus: as the son of Enosh (Luke 3:37–38) and as the son of Arphaxad (Luke 3:36). The second Kenan is part of the genealogy of Shem according to the LXX version of Gen 10:24; 11:12. This postdiluvian Kenan lived in the time between Noah and Abraham.

The book of *Jubilees* adds the name of both the mother (Noam, sister of Enosh) and the wife of the antediluvian Kenan (Mualeleth, sister of Kenan; *Jub.* 4:13-15). The postdiluvian Kenan married Melka, daugther of Madai, and became father of Shelah. He has found an inscription with the secrets of astronomy and astrology (*Jub.* 8:1-5).

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